### September 2022

# The Winds of North Willow

Traditions at North Willow | 1703 W. 86th Street | Indianapolis IN | 317-876-2916

### **Celebrating September**

Labor Day (U.S.) September 5

Grandparents' Day September 11

National Assisted Living Week September 11 – 1

Memory Care Family Night September 14 @ 6pm Villa Clubhouse

### Dine-and Donate for Alzheimer's

Sept.15 @ Blaze Pizza Michigan Rd. 11 am – 7 pm Online promo code 1127A must be entered OR bring our flyer to the store and our team will receive 20%!

World Alzheimer's Day September 21

Assisted Living Resident Council Mtg. September 22 @ 1pm

Rosh Hashanah Begins September 25

Villa Resident Council Mtg. September 28 @ 3pm

## **Sunken Treasure**

On September 1, 2013, undersea explorer Barry Clifford was making yet another dive to the sunken *Whydah*, the only fully authenticated Golden Age pirate shipwreck in American waters. Clifford discovered the ship and its trove of pirate-era artifacts in 1984, but he had yet to find the 400,000 gold pieces that purportedly sank with the ship off the coast of Cape Cod in 1717 during a violent nor'easter. On that September day, Clifford and his team discovered several coin-shaped masses chemically crusted together after centuries underwater. The report of the *Whydah* and its vast trove of pirate artifacts gave other treasure-seekers hope that similar sunken wrecks still wait to be found.

There is no shortage of rumors when it comes to pirate shipwrecks and lost hordes of gold. Captain Kidd, before being executed for piracy, attempted to save himself by claiming that he had buried a treasure worth 400,000 British pounds. In 1700, ten thousand pounds of treasure were found buried in the sands of Gardiner Island off the coast of Long Island, New York. In 2015, Barry Clifford discovered a 50-kilogram silver bar off the coast of Madagascar that he believed was part of Kidd's lost treasure. Despite authorities confirming the bar was 95% lead and was not evidence of Kidd's lost treasure, the find only heightened the frenzy to find Kidd's lost loot.

Edward Teach, better known as Blackbeard, was notorious for plundering ships laden with gold and silver. Blackbeard's ledgers indicate that he had amassed a pirate fortune worth millions. Before his death, he declared that his "real" treasure "lay in a location only known to him and the devil." When Blackbeard's ship *Queen Anne's Revenge* was discovered in waters near Beaufort, North Carolina, in 1996, treasure hunters believed that the treasure was finally found. Underwater archaeologists uncovered loaded cannons, a blunderbuss barrel, anchors, and other artifacts, but no trove of gold. Like so many times before, the absence of treasure did not dim the hopes of treasure seekers but stoked the passions of exploration and discovery.

### **Race to the Finish**

Each Labor Day, 20,000 visitors swarm the ranch of Dan and Peggy Eoff in Clinton, Arkansas, for the annual National Championship Chuckwagon Races. The idea started off simple enough in 1986. Dan and Peggy wanted to throw a party over Labor Day weekend. To make it interesting, Dan suggested racing chuckwagons. Eight drivers took part in that first chuckwagon race. Today, 150 teams compete in five divisions to take

home the title of national champion.



The race has few rules, but following those rules is often the key to victory. Each team consists of three people: a driver, a cook, and an outrider who rides a horse alongside the chuckwagon. At

the start of the race, the cook and outrider stand outside the chuckwagon on the ground. At the judge's signal, the cook loads the stove into the wagon and climbs aboard. When the starting pistol is fired, the outrider loads a tent into the wagon, climbs into the saddle, and must race the chuckwagon to the finish line. The outrider must pass the finish line before the chuckwagon, and the chuckwagon must pass the finish line with the cook, driver, tent, and stove intact. With four teams, several animals, and 20,000 roaring fans, the race is far from easy.

The chuckwagon was invented by a Texas rancher named Charles Goodnight around 1866. Faced with the prospect of driving 2,000 longhorn cattle from Texas to Colorado, Goodnight proposed retrofitting an Army surplus wagon with cabinets, shelves, drawers, a durable worktop, a barrel for holding water, and plenty of space for storing cowboys' bedrolls and blankets. Since cowboys called their meals chuck, it made perfect sense to call this wagon the *chuckwagon*. Old cowboy legends tell of how, at the end of a cattle drive, cowboys would race into town to spend their pay, and the last one in had to buy drinks for all. Cooks would race in on their chuckwagons. Chuckwagon racing as a spectator sport originated at the 1923 Calgary's Stampede.

### **CHOOSE YOUR FLOWER**



PUT THE NAME OF THE PERSON YOU ARE HON-ORING AND ADD IT TO OUR INDOOR TREES. WE WILL ADD THE NAME OF THE PERSON YOU ARE HONORING AND DISPLAY THIS IN OUR OUTDOOR GARDEN.



# Get your flowers at the receptionist desk today!

### **Creative Juices**



International Dot Day on September 15 is a global celebration of creativity and collaboration. The holiday began in 2009 when author Peter Reynolds published his children's book *The* 

*Dot.* It is a story about a teacher who encourages a young student to "make their mark" on the world, starting with, you guessed it, a simple dot.

Where does creativity come from? Socrates believed it to be a gift from the gods. Plato called it a kind of inspired madness. Can you teach creativity? Or is it an innate talent? Individuals are often moved to creativity by interactions with the world and people around them. Perhaps this is why International Dot Day celebrates collaboration. Today is a day to let your creativity be guided by the inspiration of others and to share your creative vision. .with the community.

## **Dancing Through History**



Waltzes. Foxtrots. Tangos. Quicksteps. Rhumbas and mambos. Ballroom dancing takes many forms, which should make it easy to find a style that suits your tastes during Ballroom

Dancing Week from September 16–25.

Just as the Renaissance brought many important milestones in the fields of art and science, so too did the era leave its mark on dancing. Dance had long been separated into two different forms or styles. One type of dance was practiced openly and in public, while another type was practiced by the aristocracy and royalty behind closed doors during special occasions. This type of formal dancing was first recorded in 1588 by the French cleric Jehan Tabourot, writing under the pen name Thoinot-Arbeau.

Most of what we know of the origins of ballroom dancing comes from Thoinot-Arbeau's Orchesographie, a study of the social dances of the French aristocracy. The book presents a description of the popular dances of the day, information on how one should behave in the ballrooms of the rich and powerful, and the interactions between dancers and musicians. Shakespeare depicted many of these dances in his stage plays, which popularized them beyond the private manors of France. Two dances helped propel ballroom dancing into a worldwide phenomenon. In 1650, the French King Louis XIV took up dancing the minuet. For the next 200 years, the minuet would spread to ballrooms in every corner of France and solidify ballroom dance as a social practice. As the minuet faded, the waltz took hold. At first, many balked at the scandalous way partners dancing the waltz held each other close. Soon. however, everyone was waltzing. Those craving new dances invented the polka, mazurka, and schottische. To accommodate the dance craze, new ballrooms were built in cities and hotels. Dancing was no longer just for the rich but a pursuit for anyone willing to give it a try.

RAISE SOME DOUGH! Blaze Pizza will donate 20% of the total sales on Thurs. Sept. 15<sup>th</sup>. 1. Order between 11 am and 7pm. 2. Bring our flyer in person OR Use this CODE: 1127A when ordering online. Blaze Pizza address: 8760 N. Michigan Road Indianapolis





Join our team: Tradition Trekkers and help us reach our goal. Go to alz.org to sign up!



Something transformative happened on September 10, 1953. Swanson introduced the TV dinner, and it was an instant success. Swanson was a nationally known food

brand famous for its poultry. After an abysmal Thanksgiving in 1952, Swanson found itself with 260 tons of leftover turkey. Swanson salesman Gerry Thomas sketched the idea of a three-sectioned tray, one that could act as both a cooking and serving tray. Savvy Swanson advertisers linked the new frozen food trays with the exciting new appliance of the era, the television, naming it the "TV dinner" and even designing the packaging to look like a tv. Swanson sold 10 million units in its first year, and cooking was transformed forever.

# Awesome August Activities



### **Beautiful Birdhouses & Fantastic Fish**



Marvelous Milestone – 105th Birthday







State Fair Carnival Games!







**Crafty Coasters** 











# September Birthdays

In astrology, those born from September 1–22 are Virgo's virgins. Often symbolized by the goddess of agriculture, Virgos are deeply connected to the material world. They are logical, practical, and aware of every detail. Those born from September 23–30 balance the scales of Libra. Libras strive for equilibrium and symmetry and flourish in harmonious partnerships. Libras often surround themselves with tasteful art objects and designs that create balanced environments.

Salma Hayek (actress) – September 2, 1966 Beyoncé (singer) - September 4, 1981 Idris Elba (actor) - September 6, 1972 Misty Copeland (dancer) - September 10, 1982 Tyler Perry (producer) – September 13, 1969 B. B. King (musician) - September 16, 1925 Jack LaLanne (fitness guru) – Sept. 26, 1914 Ed Sullivan (TV host) - September 28, 1901

#### Happy September Birthday to:

Ken K. 9/2 Shirlev L. 9/2 Devere F. 9/3 Barb A. 9/3 Norma (Jean) 9/4 **Delores S. 9/6 Toba C. 9/6** John W. 9/7 Gilbert O. 9/9 **Martv A. 9/9** Florabel B. 9/10 Ila G. 9/11 James M. 9/14 Nancy Mc. 9/15 Nancy A. 9/16 Danny H. 9/19 **Maxine Y. 9/29** John M. 9/21 Fred S. 9/21 Helen T. 9/23 Sharlot C. 9/24 Joan C. 9/26 **Rosie M. 9/29 Morris A. 9/30 Jayne C. 9/30**